rpc00019

Luffa cylindrica Lcy-1 callus culture

Components

• A 9-cm plastic Petri dish, containing cells placed on semi-solid medium

Notice

- Subculture the cells to fresh medium immediately after arrival [Notes I].
- Do not store the cell culture in a refrigerator and a freezer.
- Maintain aseptic conditions of the cell culture, and work in a laminar flow cabinet.

Method

- Culture medium: mLS medium, 0.1 μ M NAA, 1.2% (w/v) agar, pH 5.7 (medium no. 14) [Materials III]
- Culture conditions: 27°C, dark [Methods II]
- Subculture: 28-day intervals [Methods I]

Citation of cell line

When results obtained by using this cell line are published in a scientific journal, it should be cited in the following manner: "*Luffa cylindrica* Lcy-1 cell line (rpc00019) was provided by the RIKEN BRC through the National BioResource Project of the MEXT, Japan."

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Introduction

Lcy-1 cell line was established from a seedling of *Luffa cylindrica* (L.) M.Roem. The Lcy-1 cells are grown on a modified Linsmaier and Skoog (mLS) medium supplemented with 0.1 μ M 1-naphthaleneacetic acid (NAA), and solidified with 1.2% (w/v) agar, pH 5.7. Our Lcy-1 cell culture has been maintained in the dark at 27°C and subcultured at 28-day intervals

Materials

Chemicals and stock solutions

(All stock solutions are stored at 4° C)

A) MS salt mix

Murashige and Skoog Plant Salt Mixture, FUJIFILM Wako Pure Chemical Corporation (#392-00591)

- B) D(+)-Glucose
- C) LS_VT

Thiamine·HCl myo-Inositol 0.16 mg/mL 40 mg/mL

D) NAA (1 mM)

NAA·K 0.224 mg/mL

Potassium 1-naphthylacetate, FUJIFILM Wako Pure Chemical Corporation (#161-04021)

E) Agar, powder

Agar, powder, Junsei Chemical (#24440-1201)

F) NaOH (1 N)

Glassware and equipment

- A) Erlenmeyer flask (100 mL), capped with two layers of aluminum foil
- B) Forceps, sterilized before use

Preparation of mLS medium (medium no. 14)

1. Dissolve the following chemicals in approximately 800 mL of distilled water.

MS salt mix 1 bag (1 L)

D(+)-Glucose 30 g

2. Add following stock solutions, and fill up to approximately 950 mL with distilled water.

LS_VT 2.5 mL NAA (1 mM) 0.1 mL

- 3. Adjust the pH of the solution to 5.7 with NaOH (1 N), and fill up to 1 L with distilled water.
- 4. Pour the medium into a 100-mL flask containing 1.2% (w/v) of agar.
- 5. Autoclave the flask at 121°C for 20 min.

Methods

- 1. Pick up an appropriate amount of callus cells from a 28-day-old culture with a forceps and place the cells onto fresh mLS medium.
- 2. Incubate cell cultures under the dark condition at 27°C.

Notes

- We send Lcy-1 cells on semi-solid mLS medium in a 9-cm disposable Petri dish. The cells should be subcultured to fresh mLS medium immediately after arrival.
- In order to maintain Lcy-1 callus culture stably, it is essential to observe the growth of cells carefully. Because proliferation of Lcy-1 cells is affected by culture conditions, such as a room temperature, aeration conditions of the culture and so on, an amount of cells transferred to fresh medium and the subculture intervals may vary from one lab to another. We usually inoculate three pieces of Lcy-1 callus (about 10-mm in diameter) on mLS medium in a 100-mL flask, and culture them for 28 days.

Appendix A: Formulation of culture medium

Table A.1. modified Linsmaier and Skoog medium (medium no. 14)

Chemical	Concentration (mg/L)
KNO ₃	1900
NH_4NO_3	1650
CaCl ₂ ·2H ₂ O	440
$MgSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$	370
KH_2PO_4	170
H_3BO_3	6.2
$MnSO_4 \cdot 4H_2O$	22.3
$ZnSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$	8.6
KI	0.83
$Na_2MoO_4 \cdot 2H_2O$	0.25
CuSO ₄ ·5H ₂ O	0.025
CoCl ₂ ⋅6H ₂ O	0.025
FeSO ₄ ·7H ₂ O	27.8
Na ₂ -EDTA	37.3
Thiamine·HCl	0.4
myo-Inositol	100
D(+)-Glucose	30000
NAA·K	0.0224
Agar	12000