rpc00029

Luffa cylindrica LcyD7 callus culture

Components

• A 9-cm plastic Petri dish, containing cells placed on semi-solid medium

Notice

- Subculture the cells to fresh medium immediately after arrival [Notes I].
- Do not store the cell culture in a refrigerator and a freezer.
- Maintain aseptic conditions of the cell culture, and work in a laminar flow cabinet.

Method

- Culture medium: LS medium, 0.1 μM 2,4-D, 0.2 mg/L BAP, 1.2% (w/v) agar, pH 5.6 (medium no. 25) [Materials III]
- Culture conditions: 27°C, dark [Methods II]
- Subculture: 28-day intervals [Methods I]

Citation of cell line

When results obtained by using this cell line are published in a scientific journal, it should be cited in the following manner: "*Luffa cylindrica* LcyD7 cell line (rpc00029) was provided by the RIKEN BRC through the National BioResource Project of the MEXT, Japan."

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Introduction

LcyD7 cell line was established from a seedling of *Luffa cylindrica* (L.) M.Roem. The LcyD7 cells are grown on a Linsmaier and Skoog (LS) medium supplemented with 0.1 μ M 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D) and 0.2 mg/L 6-benzylaminopurine (BAP), and solidified with 1.2% (w/v) agar, pH 5.6. Our LcyD7 cell culture has been maintained in the dark at 27°C and subcultured at 28-day intervals.

Materials

Chemicals and stock solutions

- (All stock solutions are stored at 4° C)
 - A) MS salt mix

Murashige and Skoog Plant Salt Mixture, FUJIFILM Wako Pure Chemical Corporation (#392-00591)

- B) D(+)-Glucose
- C) LS_VT

Thiamine·HCl *myo*-Inositol

0.16 mg/mL 40 mg/mL

D) 2,4-D (1 mM)

2,4-D sodium monohydrate 0.261 mg/mL (2,4-Dichlorophenoxy)acetic acid sodium salt monohydrate, Sigma-Aldrich (D6679)

E) BAP (1 mg/mL)

6-Benzylaminopurine 1 mg/mL Dissolve 6-benzylaminopurine in small volume of KOH (1 N), and fill up with distilled water

- F) Agar, powder
- G) KOH (1 N)

Glassware and equipment

- A) Erlenmeyer flask (200 mL), capped with two layers of aluminum foil
- B) Forceps, sterilized before use

Preparation of LS medium (medium no. 25)

1. Dissolve the following chemicals in approximately 800 mL of distilled water.

MS salt mix	1 bag (1 L)
D(+)-Glucose	30 g

2. Add following stock solutions, and fill up to approximately 950 mL with distilled water.

LS_VT	2.5 mL
2,4-D (1 mM)	0.1 mL
BAP (1 mg/mL)	0.2 mL

- 3. Adjust the pH of the solution to 5.6 with KOH (1 N), and fill up to 1 L with distilled water.
- 4. Pour 80 mL of the medium into a 200-mL flask containing 0.96 g of agar.
- 5. Autoclave the flask at 121°C for 20 min.

Methods

- 1. Pick up an appropriate amount of callus cells from a 28-day-old culture with a forceps and place the cells onto fresh LS medium.
- 2. Incubate cell cultures under the dark condition at 27°C.

Notes

- We send LcyD7 cells on semi-solid LS medium in a 9-cm disposable Petri dish. The cells should be subcultured to fresh LS medium immediately after arrival.
- In order to maintain LcyD7 callus culture stably, it is essential to observe the growth of cells carefully. Because proliferation of LcyD7 cells is affected by culture conditions, such as a room temperature, aeration conditions of the culture and so on, an amount of cells transferred to fresh medium and the subculture intervals may vary from one lab to another. We usually inoculate three pieces of LcyD7 callus (about 8-mm in diameter) on 80 mL of LS medium in a 200-mL flask, and culture them for 28 days.

Chemical	Concentration (mg/L)
KNO ₃	1900
NH ₄ NO ₃	1650
$CaCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$	440
MgSO ₄ ·7H ₂ O	370
KH ₂ PO ₄	170
H_3BO_3	6.2
$MnSO_4 \cdot 4H_2O$	22.3
$ZnSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$	8.6
KI	0.83
$Na_2MoO_4 \cdot 2H_2O$	0.25
$CuSO_4 \cdot 5H_2O$	0.025
CoCl ₂ ·6H ₂ O	0.025
FeSO ₄ ·7H ₂ O	27.8
Na ₂ -EDTA	37.3
Thiamine·HCl	0.4
myo-Inositol	100
D(+)-Glucose	30000
2,4-D sodium monohydrate	0.0261
6-Benzylaminopurine	0.2
Agar	12000

Appendix A: Formulation of culture medium