Nicotiana tabacum NaCl-r cell suspension culture

Components

- Domestic delivery: A 50-mL plastic conical centrifuge tube, containing cell suspension
- Overseas delivery: A 250-mL plastic Erlenmeyer flask, containing cells placed on semi-solid medium

Notice

- Subculture the cells to fresh medium immediately after arrival [Notes I, II].
- Do not store the cell culture in a refrigerator and a freezer.
- Maintain aseptic conditions of the cell culture, and work in a laminar flow cabinet.

Method

- Culture medium: mLS medium, 10 μM NAA, 1 μM kinetin, 0.2 M NaCl, pH
 5.7 (medium no. 56) [Materials III]
- Culture conditions: 24°C, continuous light, 90 rpm [Methods II]
- Subculture: 21-day intervals [Methods I]

Citation of cell line

When results obtained by using this cell line are published in a scientific journal, it should be cited in the following manner: "*Nicotiana tabacum* NaCl-r cell line (rpc00086) was provided by the RIKEN BRC through the National BioResource Project of the MEXT, Japan."

Experimental Plant Division RIKEN BioResource Research Center (BRC) Koyadai 3-1-1, Tsukuba, Ibaraki 305-0074 Japan

FAX: +81 29 836 9053 E-mail: plant.brc@riken.jp http://epd.brc.riken.jp/en/

Introduction

Tobacco NaCl-r cell line is a NaCl-adapted NI cell line, which can grow photoautotrophically in a NaCl-containing medium (Murota $\it et~al.$ 1994). The parent photoautotrophic NI cell line (rpc00084) was established from a pith of *Nicotiana tabacum* L. cultivar Samsun NN (Yamada and Sato 1978). The NaCl-r cells are grown in a modified Linsmaier and Skoog (mLS) medium supplemented with 10 μ M 1-naphthaleneacetic acid (NAA), 1 μ M kinetin and 0.2 M NaCl, pH 5.7. Our NaCl-r cell culture has been maintained under the continuous light at 24°C with rotary shaking at 90 rpm and subcultured at 21-day intervals.

Materials

Chemicals and stock solutions

(All stock solutions are stored at 4° C)

A) MS salt mix

Murashige and Skoog Plant Salt Mixture, FUJIFILM Wako Pure Chemical Corporation (#392-00591)

- B) Sucrose
- C) LS_VT

Thiamine·HCl myo-Inositol 0.16 mg/mL myo-Inositol 40 mg/mL

D) NAA (1 mM)

 $NAA\cdot K$ 0.224 mg/mL

Potassium 1-naphthylacetate, FUJIFILM Wako Pure Chemical Corporation (#161-04021)

E) Kinetin (1 mM)

Kinetin 0.215 mg/mL

Dissolve kinetin in small volume of KOH (1 N), and fill up with distilled water

- F) NaCl
- G) KOH (1 N)

Glassware

A) Erlenmeyer flask (100 mL), capped with two layers of aluminum foil

B) Pipette (10 mL; large tip opening) and a bulb, sterilized by autoclaving at 121℃ for 20 min

Preparation of mLS medium (medium no. 56)

1. Dissolve the following chemicals in approximately 800 mL of distilled water.

MS salt mix 1 bag (1 L) Sucrose 30 g NaCl 11.69 g

2. Add following stock solutions, and fill up to approximately 950 mL with distilled water.

LS_VT 5 mL NAA (1 mM) 10 mL Kinetin (1 mM) 1 mL

- 3. Adjust the pH of the solution to 5.7 with KOH (1 N), and fill up to 1 L with distilled water.
- 4. Pour 25 mL of the medium into a 100-mL flask.
- 5. Autoclave the flask at 121°C for 20 min.

Methods

- 1. Agitate a 21-day-old culture well and transfer 5–10 mL of cell suspension to 25 mL of fresh mLS medium with a pipette.
- 2. Incubate cell cultures on a rotary shaker at 90 rpm under the continuous light condition (photosynthetic photon flux density $50-60 \mu mol m^{-2} s^{-1}$) at 24° C.

Notes

- For domestic customers: We send NaCl-r cell suspension in a 50-mL disposable conical centrifuge tube. The cells should be transferred to fresh mLS medium immediately after arrival.
- For overseas customers: We send NaCl-r cells placed on semi-solid mLS medium in a 250-mL disposable Erlenmeyer flask. The cells should be transferred to fresh mLS medium immediately after arrival. Collect the cells from the semi-solid medium with a spatula and transfer them to Erlenmeyer flasks containing fresh liquid medium.
- In order to maintain NaCl-r cell suspension cultures stably, it is essential to transfer an adequate amount of cells to fresh mLS medium in every subculture. The amount

- of cells may vary from one lab to another, because proliferation of NaCl-r cells is affected by culture conditions, such as a room temperature, rotation speed of a rotary shaker, and aeration condition of the culture.
- In order to obtain good aeration of a suspension culture, a silicone sponge plug may be used instead of the aluminum foil cap (*e.g.*, cap-type Silicosen; Shin-Etsu Polymer, Tokyo, Japan; https://www.shinpoly.co.jp/en/product/product/medical/plugs.html).

References

Murota K, Ohshita Y, Watanabe A, Aso S, Sato F, Yamada Y (1994) Changes related to salt tolerance in thylakoid membranes of photoautotrophically cultured green tobacco cells. Plant & Cell Physiology 35: 107–113. DOI: 10.1093/oxfordjournals.pcp.a078 560

Yamada Y, Sato F (1978) The photoautotrophic culture of chlorophyllous cells. Plant & Cell Physiology 19: 691–699. DOI: 10.1093/oxfordjournals.pcp.a075640

Appendix A: Formulation of culture medium

Table A.1. modified Linsmaier and Skoog medium (medium no. 56)

Chemical	Concentration (mg/L)
KNO ₃	1900
NH ₄ NO ₃	1650
CaCl ₂ ·2H ₂ O	440
$MgSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$	370
KH_2PO_4	170
H_3BO_3	6.2
$MnSO_4 \cdot 4H_2O$	22.3
$ZnSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$	8.6
KI	0.83
$Na_2MoO_4 \cdot 2H_2O$	0.25
CuSO ₄ ·5H ₂ O	0.025
CoCl ₂ ⋅6H ₂ O	0.025
$FeSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$	27.8
Na ₂ -EDTA	37.3
Thiamine·HCl	0.8
myo-Inositol	200
Sucrose	30000
NAA·K	2.24
Kinetin	0.215
NaCl	11.69